

DATA ANALYSIS REPORT

CANADA CHILD BENEFIT



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Executive Summary

To determine whether marital status and the number of dependent children made an impact in the amount of Canada Child Benefit (CCB) that was allocated in Ontario, three data sources were examined in the following benefit years: 2016-2017 (2015 tax year), 2017-2018 (2016 tax year), and 2018-2019 (2017 tax year). It is determined that between 2018-2019, there was a significant rise in families with 3-5+ children compared to previous years. This significant jump also resulted in the rise of the financial benefit that is allocated to those families. An exponential amount of money was given to families with 5+ children (collectively \$715,112) compared to the previous years. However, the number of recipients of the CCB in 2018-2019, slightly reduced from the previous year. Despite the fall in recipients, there was collectively more money allocated to CCB recipients in 2018-2019 than from previous years due to the rise of families having 3 or more children. The marital status of CCB recipients did not significantly change in the years being compared, and therefore, did not make a substantial enough impact on the results.

Background/Data Sources

The CCB is a tax-free monthly payment administered by the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). The purpose is to assist eligible families with the cost of raising children 18 years of age and under. The CCB was initiated in 2016 as a way for the Government to strengthen the middle class and assist families who may be experiencing poverty associated with a low income. Low and middle-income families get higher payments, while those with the highest incomes (\$150,000+) receive less. According to the

Government of Canada, 334,000 fewer children were living in poverty in 2018 than in 2015 thanks to the CCB.¹

The CRA provides statistics that illustrate data on the CCB from its commencement. Each data source includes the benefit year (when the benefit is issued) and the tax year (when the benefit is calculated) The data sources provide metrics on the following variables:

- Province or territory of residence
- Net family income
- Marital status
- Number of dependent children

In this report, marital status and the number of dependent children will be examined to answer the question: **What is the biggest variable that determines the allocation of the CCB in Ontario?**

Methodology

A comparative analysis was conducted on the statistics provided by the CRA for each benefit year. 2016-2017, 2017-2018, and 2018-2019 were the years being compared and the following information was noted for each year: the total number of CCB recipients in Ontario, marital status (married vs. unmarried), the number of families with 1-5+ dependent children, and the amount allocated to each family. Additionally, the

¹ Government of Canada. (2020). Canada child benefit. Retrieved from, <https://www.canada.ca/en/employment-social-development/campaigns/canada-child-benefit.html>

total amount of the benefit was listed for each year, as well as the total number of recipients. This provided a base number to go off of to determine if there are patterns over the years in CCB recipients.

Marital status is one of the variables used to determine whether it had an impact on the money allocated in Ontario from the CCB. The number of married and unmarried CCB recipients was specifically recorded to determine if there was a trend over the data sets. Marital status has a specific definition according to the CRA. To be classified as married, you must be either married or in a common-law status with a partner, while unmarried includes single, separated, divorced, and widowed recipients.

The number of dependent children was also recorded. The total amount of CCB recipients spanning from one child, up to 5+ children, was recorded, as well as the amount that the CCB was distributed for each cohort of dependent children.

Finally, the total amount of the CCB for each year was recorded to determine if there was an increase or decrease in the amount given over time.

Overall, it was important for the analysis of the data to include both the number of recipients, depending on each variable, along with the numeral amount allocated from the CCB. Both factors influenced the data as it helped to illustrate how the variables changed each year, as well as where the CCB was being distributed. This all in part helped to determine which variable impacted the CCB the greatest.

Analysis

This section is organized by each variable (number of dependent children and marital status) in order to draw conclusions from them based on each benefit year. A summary of results will be displayed after all of the data is presented.

First, it is important to illustrate the trend of the CCB over the years to determine if there is an increase or decrease in the number of families who receive the benefit, as well as to determine if there is an increase or decrease in the amount of money allocated over the years.

It is evident in **Figure 1**², the number of CCB recipients has not significantly increased or decreased from its start in 2016. There was only a slight decrease from the 2017-2018 benefit year to the 2018-2019 benefit year (decrease of 390 CCB

recipients). However, that did not make a noticeable or statistically significant drop in results based on the graph. In 2016-2017 there were 1,374,470 CCB

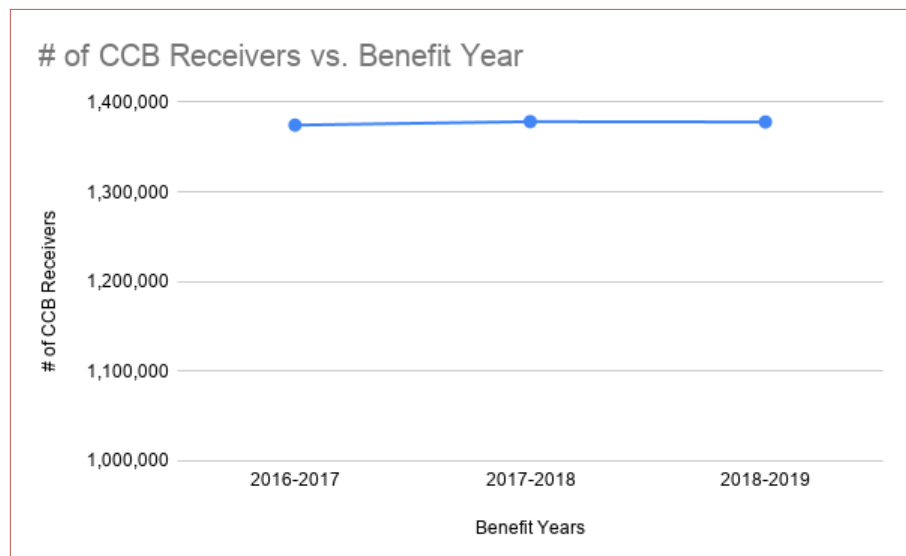


Figure 1

² Government of Canada. (2017,2018,2019). Retrieved from <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/programs/about-canada-revenue-agency-cra/income-statistics-gst-hst-statistics/canada-child-benefit-statistics.html>

recipients; in 2017-2018 there were 1,378,350 CCB recipients; and in 2018-2019 there were 1,377,960 CCB recipients.

However, the total amount of the CCB allocated over the years has significantly increased, which is demonstrated in the 2018-2019 benefit year, as illustrated in **Figure 2**³. Despite the slight decrease in families receiving the CCB from the 2017-2018 benefit year to the 2018-2019 benefit year, there was significantly more of the CCB given in the same time frame.

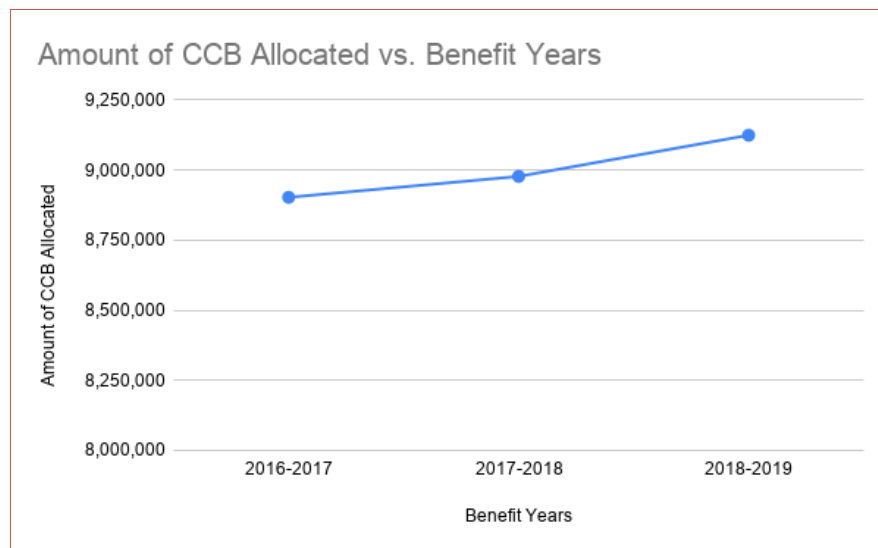


Figure 2

Number of Dependent Children from 2016-2019

The number of dependent children displayed over the data set illustrates that there is a significant increase in families with 3-5+ dependent children, particularly in the 2018-2019 benefit year, compared to the years prior, as evident in **Figure 3**⁴. The most significant decrease in the data set is the decline in families with one child. It is evident

³ Government of Canada. (2017,2018,2019). Retrieved from <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/programs/about-canada-revenue-agency-cra/income-statistics-gst-hst-statistics/canada-child-benefit-statistics.html>

⁴ Government of Canada. (2017,2018,2019). Retrieved from <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/programs/about-canada-revenue-agency-cra/income-statistics-gst-hst-statistics/canada-child-benefit-statistics.html>

that those starting with one child in the 2016-2017 benefit year, continued to have more children, which is why there are

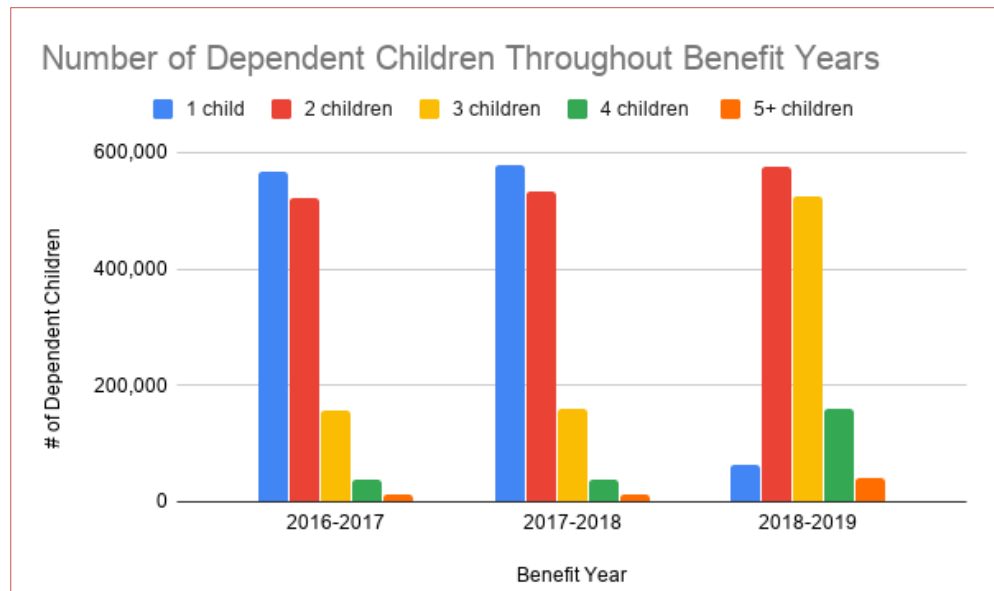


Figure 3

more families with more children illustrated in the 2018-2019 benefit year.

CCB Allocated for Number of Dependent Children from 2016-2019

Not only was there an increase in the number of dependent children, but the CCB also increased, with significantly more of the tax benefit going toward families with more dependent children.

As illustrated in **Figure 4**⁵, the 2018-2019 benefit year had the highest amount of the CCB given to those with 5+ dependent children, compared to

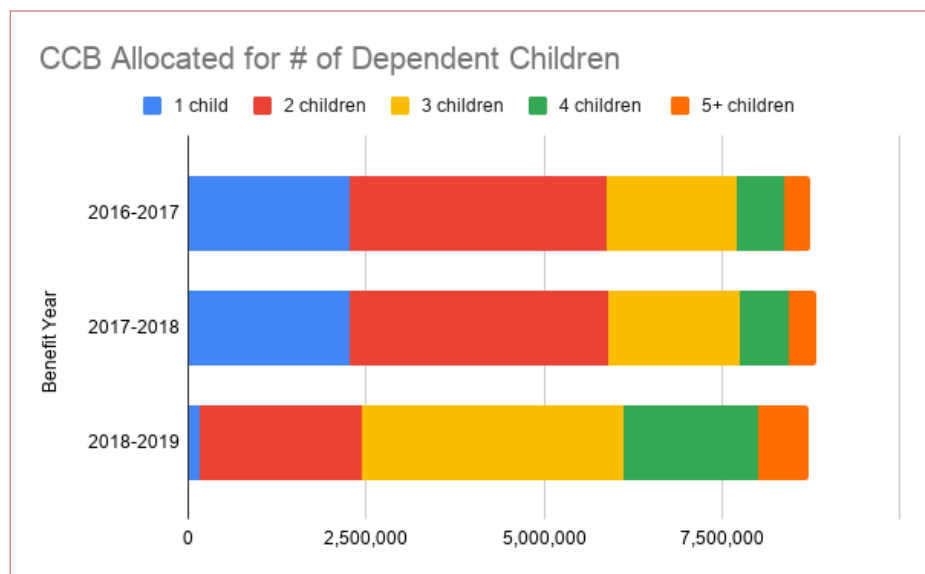


Figure 4

⁵ Government of Canada. (2017,2018,2019). Retrieved from <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/programs/about-canada-revenue-agency-cra/income-statistics-gst-hst-statistics/canada-child-benefit-statistics.html>

previous years. The only decrease that is evident throughout the data set is the CCB recipients with 1-2 children. It is evident in the 2018-2019 benefit year, more of the CCB was allocated to recipients with 3-5+ dependent children, compared to previous years which corresponds to the previous graph that illustrates the significant increase in CCB recipients with more children.

Married vs. Unmarried CCB Recipients from 2016-2019

Marital status is the second variable being analyzed. As evident in **Figure 5**⁶, marital status (married vs. unmarried) has not significantly changed over the data set and has only increased and decreased by a small number when comparing each benefit year. It

is fair to state that

since rates of married and unmarried CCB recipients have not changed significantly, they, therefore, do not have an impact on the allocation of the CCB.

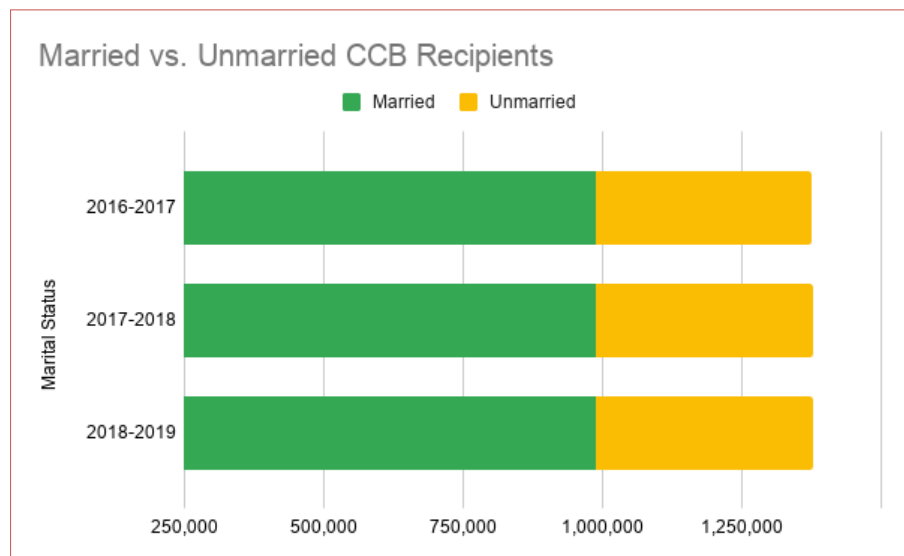


Figure 5

⁶ Government of Canada. (2017,2018,2019). Retrieved from <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/programs/about-canada-revenue-agency-cra/income-statistics-gst-hst-statistics/canada-child-benefit-statistics.html>

Summarizing Results

Based on the two variables observed (dependent children rates and marital status) dependent children rates had a significant impact on the allocation of the CCB in Ontario compared to marital status. The significant jump in CCB recipients with 5+ children in the 2018-2019 benefit year, resulted in a large sum being allocated to those individuals. Hence, the CCB had a \$146,867 increase in the 2018-2019 benefit year, compared to the 2017-2018 benefit year.

Additionally, the largest increase evident in the stats is the increase in CCB recipients with 3 or more children. As previously stated, those who received the CCB in the 2016-2017 benefit year, continued to have more children or more families came to Ontario with 3 or more children, to cause this significant increase. It is clear by this great increase, the biggest variable that determined the allocation of the CCB in Ontario was the number of dependent children.

Table 1 goes into further detail of the exact figures for each benefit year, accompanied by the two variables that are being observed.

Table 1

2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017
(1,377,960 CCB recipients)	(1,378,350 CCB recipients)	(1,374,470 CCB recipients)
<i>Marital Status</i>	<i>Marital Status</i>	<i>Marital Status</i>
<i>Married: 988,590</i> <i>Unmarried: 389,360</i>	<i>Married: 988,840</i> <i>Unmarried: 389,510</i>	<i>Married: 987,180</i> <i>Unmarried: 387,300</i>
<i>Dependent Children</i>	<i>Dependent Children</i>	<i>Dependent Children</i>
<i>1 child: 63,890 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$150,349 allocated)</i>	<i>1 child: 577,890 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$2,272,824 allocated)</i>	<i>1 child: 576,940 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$2,268,954 allocated)</i>
<i>2 children: 576,140 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$2,292,399 allocated)</i>	<i>2 children: 522,980 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$3,629,595 allocated)</i>	<i>2 children: 522,410 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$3,620,973 allocated)</i>
<i>3 children: 523,300 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$3,670,659 allocated)</i>	<i>3 children: 159,200 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$1,853,480 allocated)</i>	<i>3 children: 157,460 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$1,826,885 allocated)</i>
<i>4 children: 160,460 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$1,892,262 allocated)</i>	<i>4 children: 39,150 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$693,446 allocated)</i>	<i>4 children: 38,070 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$669,463 allocated)</i>
<i>5+ children: 39,840 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$715,112 allocated)</i>	<i>5+ children: 13,800 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$381,920 allocated)</i>	<i>5+ children: 13,170 CCB recipients</i> <i>(\$364,145 allocated)</i>
Total: \$9,124,488	Total: \$8,977,621	Total: \$8,902,928

Immigration Rates

There are many reasons as to why there was a significant increase in CCB recipients with 3 or more children, with one reason leading to the rise of immigration in Ontario. In 2016, 25,929 families with spouses, partners, and children became permanent Ontario residents in 2016. In 2017, 111,925 immigrants became permanent residents in Ontario, with families making up 32.8%.⁷ In the fourth quarter of 2018, Ontario received 43.9% of all immigrants to Canada and over the course of the year, received 137,410 immigrants, which is an increase of 25,453 from the previous year.⁸

It is evident within these statistics that increases in Ontario's population are, in part, due to the rise of immigration rates. Once those who immigrated become Canadian citizens, they are qualified to receive the CCB, as long as they have children under 18 years old. With the rise of immigrants and refugees in Canada, particularly, Ontario, there is a rise of children and families.

Evident in the CCB statistics from the previous section, the significant increase in families with 3 or more children in the 2018-2019 benefit year was extremely apparent compared to the other years in the data set. With the rise of immigration, especially between 2016-2018, there is certainly a correlation. Moreover, immigration rates, which are constantly increasing, can create a large impact on CCB allocation in Ontario.

⁷ Government of Canada. (2019). 2018 Annual report to parliament on immigration. Retrieved from, <https://www.canada.ca/en/immigration-refugees-citizenship/corporate/publications-manuals/annual-report-parliament-immigration-2018/report.html>

⁸ Government of Ontario. (2019). Ontario demographic quarterly: Highlights of fourth quarter, 2018. Retrieved from, <https://www.fin.gov.on.ca/en/economy/demographics/quarterly/dhiq4.html>

Increases in the CCB

For the 2018-2019 benefit year, the CCB increased as a way to keep up with the cost of living and raising a family. Families with children under 6 years old could receive a maximum of \$6,496, and for families with children aged 6-17 years old, they could receive a maximum of \$5,481.⁹ These numbers increased from the previous year; families with children under 6 years old could receive \$6,400/year and \$5,400 for children aged 6-17 years old.¹⁰

The increase in the CCB is an additional reason as to why there was a significant increase in the CCB allocated for the 2018-2019 benefit year, compared to the previous years. The increase from the 2017-2018 benefit year with \$8,977,621 allocated to recipients, compared to the 2018-2019 benefit year with \$9,124,488 allocated to recipients, is quite significant.

Additionally, with the increase in recipients with 3+ dependent children, tied with the increase in the CCB, the total CCB amount would naturally increase in the 2018-2019 benefit year compared to previous years, which is clearly illustrated in the data itself.

Moreover, every time the CCB increases due to the rising living costs, the data will reflect the change and will cause the CCB to allocate more money each year.

⁹ Government of Canada. (2017). Canada child benefit payment amounts (tax years 2015-2017). Retrieved from, <https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/child-family-benefits/canada-child-benefit-overview/canada-child-benefit-ccb-payment-amounts.html>

¹⁰ Minsky, A. (2017). Canada child benefit: How your family is affected by the latest changes. Retrieved from, <https://globalnews.ca/news/3822451/canada-child-benefit-changes-liberal-justin-trudeau/>

Conclusion

It is evident based on the analysis of the data provided from the CRA, the biggest variable that determines the allocation of the CCB in Ontario, is the number of dependent children a recipient has. After examining the data set, it is clear there was a significant increase in CCB recipients who have 3 or more children, particularly in the 2018-2019 benefit year. This positive correlation of dependent children and CCB allocation is extremely prevalent and it is clear this pattern is only going to increase.

The increase in the allocation of the CCB has many reasons that could explain why. Immigration rates play a large role in the increase in Ontario's population. With thousands of families immigrating to Canada each year, especially with the increase between 2016-2018, the CCB allocation could have reflected that.

As well, with the increase of the CCB to accommodate living conditions, this new amount is reflected in the total amount of the CCB for the 2018-2019 benefit year, thus making it higher than previous years.

It is interesting to see the increasing pattern of the population in Ontario, especially when it comes to the ever increasing amount of children that individuals are having. It is clear from the evidence in this report, the CCB will continue to be allocated in high numbers each year due to families who are continually expanding.

Sources

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Retrieved from, <https://globalnews.ca/news/3822451/canada-child-benefit-changes-liberal-justin-trudeau/>



CCB Benefit Year 2018-2019 Statistics

Table 3: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Number of Dependent Children

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		1 Child		2 Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	49,140	\$284,052	2,580	\$5,563	23,370	\$89,591
Prince Edward Island	15,460	\$102,222	760	\$1,765	6,480	\$26,190
Nova Scotia	91,180	\$606,207	4,740	\$12,081	40,860	\$169,565
New Brunswick	76,590	\$500,140	4,020	\$9,627	34,360	\$141,129
Quebec	872,980	\$5,497,681	39,990	\$84,407	347,870	\$1,311,734
Ontario	1,377,960	\$9,124,488	63,890	\$150,349	576,140	\$2,292,399
Manitoba	146,700	\$1,155,669	7,110	\$21,333	57,410	\$240,827
Saskatchewan	129,430	\$957,197	6,230	\$18,340	48,990	\$199,033
Alberta	445,780	\$2,948,964	18,330	\$46,273	172,630	\$644,982
British Columbia	440,570	\$2,688,350	21,730	\$52,342	191,960	\$744,401
Northwest Territories	4,790	\$31,649	200	\$575	2,110	\$8,306
Yukon	3,870	\$21,818	190	\$368	1,710	\$6,294
Nunavut	5,740	\$55,155	220	\$746	2,210	\$10,307
Outside Canada	2,770	\$12,540	1,630	\$6,364	510	\$1,810
Total	3,662,970	\$23,986,132	171,620	\$410,134	1,506,610	\$5,886,568

Province or Territory	3 Children		4 Children		5 or more Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	18,100	\$121,333	4,080	\$47,426	820	\$14,629
Prince Edward Island	5,680	\$40,431	1,910	\$21,538	470	\$7,830
Nova Scotia	33,000	\$243,425	9,470	\$115,805	2,330	\$43,349
New Brunswick	28,130	\$204,186	7,600	\$93,508	1,840	\$33,835
Quebec	344,190	\$2,296,158	107,530	\$1,175,844	25,940	\$429,736
Ontario	523,300	\$3,670,659	160,460	\$1,892,262	39,840	\$715,112
Manitoba	51,460	\$382,378	19,550	\$243,779	6,880	\$133,366
Saskatchewan	45,980	\$319,924	18,980	\$218,779	6,230	\$112,826
Alberta	169,570	\$1,104,101	59,450	\$640,684	17,930	\$297,432
British Columbia	170,270	\$1,154,222	43,460	\$484,698	9,980	\$166,532
Northwest Territories	1,510	\$9,959	640	\$6,758	230	\$3,600
Yukon	1,370	\$8,130	470	\$4,497	110	\$1,748
Nunavut	1,570	\$13,911	960	\$12,974	490	\$8,964
Outside Canada	480	\$2,871	130	\$1,077	20	\$284
Total	1,394,610	\$9,571,688	434,670	\$4,959,628	113,120	\$1,969,241

Province or Territory	Previously Dependent Children	
	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	200	\$5,510
Prince Edward Island	160	\$4,467
Nova Scotia	790	\$21,983
New Brunswick	640	\$17,856
Quebec	7,450	\$199,802
Ontario	14,320	\$403,707
Manitoba	4,290	\$133,987
Saskatchewan	3,020	\$88,294
Alberta	7,860	\$215,492
British Columbia	3,180	\$86,155
Northwest Territories	100	\$2,452
Yukon	30	\$781
Nunavut	300	\$8,253
Outside Canada		
Total	42,340	\$1,188,873



CCB Benefit Year 2018-2019 Statistics

Table 2: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Marital Status

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		Not Married		Married	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	49,140	\$284,052	18,050	\$138,204	31,090	\$145,848
Prince Edward Island	15,460	\$102,222	4,890	\$37,013	10,580	\$65,209
Nova Scotia	91,180	\$606,207	34,220	\$276,556	56,960	\$329,651
New Brunswick	76,590	\$500,140	27,170	\$212,776	49,420	\$287,364
Quebec	872,980	\$5,497,681	264,300	\$1,717,535	608,680	\$3,780,146
Ontario	1,377,960	\$9,124,488	389,360	\$3,103,292	988,590	\$6,021,197
Manitoba	146,700	\$1,155,669	43,540	\$407,213	103,170	\$748,456
Saskatchewan	129,430	\$957,197	43,850	\$404,586	85,590	\$552,611
Alberta	445,780	\$2,948,964	121,250	\$987,808	324,540	\$1,961,156
British Columbia	440,570	\$2,688,350	115,970	\$868,390	324,600	\$1,819,960
Northwest Territories	4,790	\$31,649	2,050	\$15,737	2,730	\$15,913
Yukon	3,870	\$21,818	1,430	\$9,907	2,440	\$11,911
Nunavut	5,740	\$55,155	2,320	\$20,430	3,430	\$34,725
Outside Canada	2,770	\$12,540	320	\$1,609	2,450	\$10,931
Total	3,662,970	\$23,986,132	1,068,690	\$8,201,056	2,594,280	\$15,785,076



CCB Benefit Year 2017-2018 Statistics

Table 3: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Number of Dependent Children

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		1 Child		2 Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	50,140	\$284,669	23,890	\$90,647	18,470	\$122,186
Prince Edward Island	15,430	\$101,056	6,410	\$25,773	5,690	\$40,748
Nova Scotia	91,590	\$599,696	41,160	\$169,956	32,980	\$241,641
New Brunswick	77,120	\$494,831	34,630	\$140,969	28,330	\$204,579
Quebec	872,960	\$5,451,769	350,720	\$1,319,297	342,490	\$2,283,855
Ontario	1,378,350	\$8,977,621	577,890	\$2,272,824	522,980	\$3,629,595
Manitoba	146,630	\$1,133,900	57,340	\$236,879	51,520	\$377,499
Saskatchewan	129,250	\$937,644	49,260	\$196,924	45,780	\$315,585
Alberta	442,420	\$2,871,511	172,170	\$634,376	168,380	\$1,082,916
British Columbia	442,610	\$2,689,324	193,350	\$745,979	170,630	\$1,158,793
Northwest Territories	4,820	\$31,370	2,120	\$8,213	1,530	\$9,867
Yukon	3,830	\$21,127	1,710	\$6,153	1,340	\$8,007
Nunavut	5,660	\$53,711	2,160	\$9,934	1,530	\$13,363
Outside Canada	2,810	\$12,104	510	\$1,707	530	\$3,105
Total	3,663,610	\$23,660,335	1,513,310	\$5,859,630	1,392,180	\$9,491,739

Province or Territory	3 Children		4 Children		5 or more Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,100	\$46,913	800	\$13,891	210	\$5,404
Prince Edward Island	1,900	\$21,265	440	\$7,246	150	\$4,112
Nova Scotia	9,410	\$113,973	2,240	\$40,904	750	\$21,023
New Brunswick	7,500	\$90,530	1,810	\$33,232	570	\$15,575
Quebec	106,030	\$1,157,061	25,320	\$414,706	7,240	\$192,115
Ontario	159,220	\$1,853,480	39,150	\$693,446	13,800	\$381,920
Manitoba	19,650	\$243,214	6,710	\$127,619	4,220	\$127,941
Saskatchewan	18,910	\$215,125	6,260	\$111,501	2,840	\$80,668
Alberta	58,450	\$622,063	17,450	\$284,081	7,610	\$204,489
British Columbia	43,610	\$483,119	9,900	\$165,038	3,140	\$84,303
Northwest Territories	660	\$6,937	210	\$3,440	100	\$2,304
Yukon	450	\$4,339	100	\$1,559	30	\$629
Nunavut	970	\$12,989	510	\$9,206	280	\$7,477
Outside Canada	130	\$1,203	30	\$469		
Total	430,980	\$4,872,213	110,940	\$1,906,339	40,940	\$1,128,129

Province or Territory	Previously Dependent Children	
	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,670	\$5,628
Prince Edward Island	840	\$1,912
Nova Scotia	5,040	\$12,200
New Brunswick	4,290	\$9,946
Quebec	41,160	\$84,735
Ontario	65,320	\$146,356
Manitoba	7,190	\$20,748
Saskatchewan	6,200	\$17,843
Alberta	18,370	\$43,584
British Columbia	21,980	\$52,092
Northwest Territories	200	\$608
Yukon	200	\$441
Nunavut	210	\$742
Outside Canada	1,600	\$5,451
Total	175,260	\$402,285



CCB Benefit Year 2017-2018 Statistics

Table 2: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Marital Status

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		Not Married		Married	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	50,140	\$284,669	17,960	\$135,752	32,180	\$148,917
Prince Edward Island	15,430	\$101,056	4,850	\$36,959	10,580	\$64,096
Nova Scotia	91,590	\$599,696	34,280	\$272,746	57,310	\$326,950
New Brunswick	77,120	\$494,831	27,330	\$210,106	49,790	\$284,725
Quebec	872,960	\$5,451,769	260,460	\$1,680,810	612,500	\$3,770,959
Ontario	1,378,350	\$8,977,621	389,510	\$3,051,349	988,840	\$5,926,273
Manitoba	146,630	\$1,133,900	43,120	\$391,359	103,510	\$742,541
Saskatchewan	129,250	\$937,644	43,530	\$392,110	85,720	\$545,534
Alberta	442,420	\$2,871,511	118,350	\$945,267	324,070	\$1,926,243
British Columbia	442,610	\$2,689,324	115,700	\$857,405	326,900	\$1,831,919
Northwest Territories	4,820	\$31,370	1,980	\$15,176	2,840	\$16,194
Yukon	3,830	\$21,127	1,410	\$9,483	2,420	\$11,644
Nunavut	5,660	\$53,711	2,230	\$19,182	3,420	\$34,529
Outside Canada	2,810	\$12,104	280	\$1,181	2,520	\$10,923
Total	3,663,610	\$23,660,335	1,061,000	\$8,018,887	2,602,600	\$15,641,448



CCB Benefit Year 2016-2017 Statistics

Table 3: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Number of Dependent Children

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		1 Child		2 Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	50,690	\$284,408	24,300	\$91,330	18,560	\$121,439
Prince Edward Island	15,470	\$100,736	6,440	\$25,747	5,700	\$40,377
Nova Scotia	91,480	\$594,466	41,310	\$170,275	32,940	\$240,600
New Brunswick	77,450	\$495,182	35,030	\$143,589	28,530	\$206,619
Quebec	870,240	\$5,448,149	353,860	\$1,341,196	339,310	\$2,289,127
Ontario	1,374,470	\$8,902,928	576,940	\$2,268,954	522,410	\$3,620,973
Manitoba	145,750	\$1,118,997	57,050	\$235,133	51,120	\$375,191
Saskatchewan	126,730	\$903,810	48,420	\$190,458	44,850	\$302,943
Alberta	426,610	\$2,684,833	167,600	\$601,245	160,770	\$1,004,888
British Columbia	441,300	\$2,672,248	193,180	\$745,068	169,370	\$1,152,966
Northwest Territories	4,730	\$30,312	2,080	\$7,986	1,480	\$9,434
Yukon	3,810	\$20,856	1,740	\$6,292	1,310	\$7,787
Nunavut	5,600	\$52,244	2,110	\$9,514	1,560	\$13,509
Outside Canada	2,860	\$11,928	500	\$1,709	550	\$3,065
Total	3,637,180	\$23,321,097	1,510,570	\$5,838,497	1,378,460	\$9,388,917

Province or Territory	3 Children		4 Children		5 or more Children	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,110	\$46,458	780	\$13,720	200	\$5,072
Prince Edward Island	1,860	\$20,962	470	\$7,938	140	\$3,746
Nova Scotia	9,290	\$112,229	2,130	\$38,371	740	\$20,491
New Brunswick	7,360	\$89,043	1,720	\$31,386	540	\$14,661
Quebec	103,760	\$1,143,358	24,440	\$402,958	6,970	\$185,816
Ontario	157,460	\$1,826,885	38,070	\$669,463	13,170	\$364,145
Manitoba	19,300	\$237,130	6,610	\$125,074	4,030	\$121,671
Saskatchewan	18,480	\$206,301	6,050	\$106,789	2,810	\$79,146
Alberta	56,060	\$577,090	16,740	\$265,767	7,220	\$189,727
British Columbia	43,170	\$478,299	9,680	\$159,361	3,190	\$85,078
Northwest Territories	640	\$6,704	220	\$3,454	90	\$2,094
Yukon	440	\$4,328	100	\$1,421	20	\$512
Nunavut	910	\$12,181	500	\$8,849	280	\$7,410
Outside Canada	140	\$1,257	30	\$485	10	\$193
Total	422,960	\$4,762,224	107,540	\$1,835,035	39,400	\$1,079,762

Province or Territory	Previously Dependent Children	
	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,740	\$6,389
Prince Edward Island	850	\$1,965
Nova Scotia	5,070	\$12,500
New Brunswick	4,280	\$9,885
Quebec	41,900	\$85,694
Ontario	66,430	\$152,507
Manitoba	7,640	\$24,798
Saskatchewan	6,120	\$18,174
Alberta	18,220	\$46,117
British Columbia	22,710	\$51,476
Northwest Territories	220	\$641
Yukon	210	\$514
Nunavut	250	\$781
Outside Canada	1,620	\$5,219
Total	178,260	\$416,662



CCB Benefit Year 2016-2017 Statistics

Table 2: CCB Recipients and Payments by Province or Territory and Marital Status

All amounts are in thousands of dollars

Province or Territory	Grand Total of CCB Recipients		Not Married		Married	
	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)
Newfoundland and Labrador	50,690	\$284,408	17,890	\$134,852	32,800	\$149,556
Prince Edward Island	15,470	\$100,736	4,850	\$36,896	10,610	\$63,840
Nova Scotia	91,480	\$594,466	34,170	\$272,138	57,310	\$322,328
New Brunswick	77,450	\$495,182	27,130	\$210,107	50,330	\$285,076
Quebec	870,240	\$5,448,149	256,420	\$1,665,801	613,820	\$3,782,348
Ontario	1,374,470	\$8,902,928	387,300	\$3,022,016	987,180	\$5,880,912
Manitoba	145,750	\$1,118,997	42,960	\$385,609	102,790	\$733,388
Saskatchewan	126,730	\$903,810	42,790	\$384,071	83,940	\$519,740
Alberta	426,610	\$2,684,833	114,780	\$901,697	311,830	\$1,783,136
British Columbia	441,300	\$2,672,248	115,530	\$851,227	325,760	\$1,821,021
Northwest Territories	4,730	\$30,312	1,910	\$14,392	2,820	\$15,920
Yukon	3,810	\$20,856	1,400	\$9,369	2,410	\$11,487
Nunavut	5,600	\$52,244	2,180	\$18,277	3,420	\$33,967
Outside Canada	2,860	\$11,928	300	\$1,340	2,560	\$10,588
Total	3,637,180	\$23,321,097	1,049,620	\$7,907,791	2,587,570	\$15,413,305